

A EVALUATION OF A END-OF-LIFE PROGRAMME

EMBEDDED WITHIN A COMMUNITY

LONG TERM CARE MODEL

IN SINGAPORE



PILOT STUDY of COMMUNITY END-OF-LIFE CARE for older non-cancer patients

I October 2010 – 30 Sept 2012

Publication: The Straits Times Date: 27 May 2013 Page: Front page

Singapore ranks world No. 4 for life expectancy IN A RECENT WHO RESEARCH PAPER ON LONGEVITY, SINGAPORE IS RANKED THE 4TH IN THE WORLD. AND BY 2020, 20% OF THE SINGAPOREAN POPULATION WILL BE AGED 65 AND ABOVE.

List by the World Health Organization (2011) [edit]

Overall rank ^[4] ≑	Country	Overall life expectancy +	Male life expectancy	Male rank ≑	Female life expectancy	Female rank
1	Japan	83	79	12	89	1
1	Switzerland	83	80	4	85	2
1	San Marino	83	82	2	83	20
4		82	80	4	85	2
4	Singapore	82	80	4	85	2
4	Iceland	82	81	3	84	9
4	Andorra	82	79	12	85	2
4	Mustralia	82	80	4	84	9

HUA MEI MOBILE CLINIC

Since its inception in 1993, HMMC has been delivering

Team-Managed Primary Health Care

to *homebound and frail* older persons at their home.

GOAL

- To support the frail elder persons to live in their homes among family (until their deaths if dying at home were their wish)

- Provide accessible health care regardless of their mobility status

- To respect and honor their preferences

To instill a sense of peace and comfort in the older person's lives

HMMC'S TARGET POPULATION



HMMC'S TARGET POPULATION

- Very frail, nursing home eligible older persons
- Elders with difficulties accessing community resources due to :-
- a) Physical disabilities
- b) Environment
- c) Psychological factors
- d) Financial difficulties

e) Social

MEDICAL PROFILES OF OUR CLIENTS



ASSIMILATING END OF LIFE CARE INTO HUA MEI MOBILE CLINIC SINCE OCTOBER 2009

Components

- I. End of Life Care Training for Team
- 2. Person-centred Care & Advance Care Planning for All Elders under our care.

3. Increased Resourcing based on Estimated Prognosis

SNAPSHOT OF OUR PRESENT COHORT

No. of clients served from 1 Oct 2012 till 16 Sep 2013 = 143

No of death occurs = 33

No. of discharges = 11

CASE PRESENTATION

<u>Mdm Tan</u>

- Home Maker
- Mother of 3 daughters and 1 son
- Diagnosed with:-Stroke,
 - Vascular Dementia,
 - Hypertension,
 - Diabetes Milletus.
- After a fall she became Wheelchair-bound.



Cluttered Home Environment

Admission into HMMC 8th Sept 2008.



Family Caregivers







HMMC Care Model

Initial Goal of Care was Maintenance

Main issue presented then include:

- I) Caregiver Stress
- -Mdm Tan's sleep-wake reversal
- -Knowledge deficit

- Pneumonia
- Mdm Tan refused hospitalization
- Family not ready for Mdm Tan's possible passing on



CRISIS I - 15th Nov 2011



Reverted back to Maintenance Care





CRISIS 2 – 30/7/13

24 Hrs Symptoms Management

Physical Social • Pain due to disease location • Relationships with family/ca • Other symptoms of nauses • Relationships with family/ca • Physical decline & Fatigue • Work file • Financial problems • Work file • Symptoms Management Psychological Spiritual • Grief, Depression • Anxiety Anger

Adjustment to condition

- Meaning of life and illness
- Personal value as a human bein

Summary of Mdm Tan's Journey with us



CHALLENGES

Prognostication (3 illness trajectories)

 a.Short period of evidence decline
 b.Chronic illness with intermittent
 exacerbations and sudden dying

 c.Slow dwindling

CASE LOAD AND CAPACITY OF HMMC

<u>| Oct |0 – 30 Sep |2</u>

- Total number of patients served = 160



Patients never been served on EoL Programme = 105



Patients served on EoL Programme = 55

INTERVENTIONS (EOL PATIENTS)

- Advanced care plan discussion
- Care-giver support
- Spiritual care

AVERAGE PROGNOSIS (DAYS)

After admission into EoL Care Programme, death occurred after 173 days (5 months 22 days) on average.

ADVANCE CARE PLANNING



TUBE FEEDING (ACP)





2 PATIENTS HAD NG TUBE INSERTION AGAINST THEIR WISHES IN THE HOSPITAL BEFORE THEIR DEATHS



Actual tube feeding

Preferences

PREFERENCE FOR PLACE WHERE DEATH OCCUR





FEEDBACK BY TELEPHONE "DO YOU FEEL YOUR LOVED ONE HAD A GOOD DEATH?"



Perception of "Good Death" by Primary Care Partner

REFLECTION

- Most older persons die in a frailty, 'dwindling' trajectory.
- It would be too costly to provide specialist palliative care service for all of them.
- A primary care-LTC empowered and enabled to provide EoL Care may reduce the need for hospitalization
- Minimizes the need for patients to switch between care settings and primary care providers
- Therapeutic rapport between patient/ family/ care teams can be harnessed to improve quality of care



A Tsao Foundation Initiative

Thank You!

